References

Ghafoor, B, Taylor, R. (2017) Age-related differences in trauma experiences, mental-health needs, and mental-health-service use in victims of human trafficking: a pilot investigation of Transition-Aged Youth Compared to Older Adults. Journal of Human Trafficking. 3(4); 259-270.

Sukhera, J, Lynch, J, Wardrop, N, Miller, K (2017) Real-time needs, real-time care: creating adaptive systems of community-based care for emerging adults. Canadian Journal of Community Mental Health, 36, 41-53.

Carlo, RJ, Dwyer, RJ (2018) The impact of vocational training on transition-aged adults. Journal of Mental Health Training, Education and Practice; 13(6), 307-317.

Bowers, A, Cleverley, K, Di Clemente, C, Henderson, J (2017) Transitional-aged youth perceptions of influential factors for substance-use change and treatment seeking. Patient preference and Adherence, 11, 1939-1948.

Guada, JM, Conrad, TL, Mares, AS (2012) The Aftercare Support Program: An Emerging Group Intevention for Transition-Aged Youth. Social Work with Groups, 35(2), 164-178.

Aboujaoude, E, Starcevic, V (2015) Mental Health in the Digital Age: Grave Dangers, Great Promise. New York: Oxford University.

Sheidow, A, McCart, MR, Davis, M (2017) Multisystemic therapy for emerging adults with serious mental illness and justice involvement. Cognitive Behavioral Practice, 23(3) 356-367.

Vusio, F, Thompson, A, Birchwood, M, Clarke, L (2019) Experiences and satisfaction of children, young people and their parents with alternative mental health models to inpatient settings: a systemic review. European Child and Adolescent Psychiatry.

Wexler, L (2011) Intergenerational dialogue exchange and action: Introducing a community-based participatory approach to connect youth, adults and elders in an Alaskan Native Community, International Journal of Qualitative Methods,